

WORKBOOK
FOR
LET'S LEARN ENGLISH — BOOK THREE

Special Series

Prepared by

CENTRAL INSTITUTE OF ENGLISH AND FOREIGN LANGUAGES, HYDERABAD



National Council of Educational Research and Training

October 1972

Kartika 1894

P. U. 40 T

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Price: Rs. 2.05

Published at the Publication Unit, NIE Campus, Sri Aurobindo Marg, New Delhi 16, by M. C. Verma, Secretary
National Council of Educational Research and Training, and printed by J. S. Khamesra for G. Claridge & Co.
Ltd., at Caxton House, Shahid Bhagat Singh Road, Bombay 1

CONTENTS

WORKSHEET 1

I Fill in the blanks with the phrases given. You may have to use some of them more than once.

There is

There was

There are

There were

There isn't

There wasn't

There aren't

There weren't

1. _____ two schools in our town. _____

_____ a football match yesterday between the teams of the two schools.

_____ a big crowd at the match.

2. _____ 850 pupils in our school last year. This year,

_____ 1,050 pupils in the school. Last year, _____

only one section in Standard X. This year, _____ two

sections. _____ any girls in the high school section last

year; but _____ a few girls in the middle school section.

3. _____ five coconut trees in our garden last year. We cut

them down, so _____ any now.

4. There was a lot of water in the village tank last summer.

This year there isn't any water in it.

5. There was ^{not} any school in our village before last year. Last year, the Government opened a school. So there is one now.

6. In the old days there was ^{were} no buses and motor-cars. People walked or went in bullock carts.

7. " There are ^{are} enough benches for all of you. Some of you, please sit on the floor," the headmaster said to the boys.

8. A : Can you make some coffee for me ?

B : I am sorry, There isn't any milk in the house.

9. " There is ^a new bookshop near our school. It sells our English Reader."

II Fill in the blanks with *was there* or *were there*.

1. A : Was there an accident in front of your house yesterday?

B : Yes, there was. A car hit a bullock cart.

2. *A* : Were there any girls in the picnic party ?

B : No, there weren't any.

3. *A* : Were there lions and tigers in the circus ?

B : Yes, there were.

4. *A* : Was there an elephant in the zoo ?

B : No, there wasn't.

III Read the following questions and answers.

1. *Q* : Were there shops in the city ?

A : Yes, there were shops in the city.

2. *Q* : Were there elephants in the circus ?

A : No, there were no elephants in the circus.

3. *Q* : Were there any apples in the basket ?

A : No, there weren't any apples in the basket.

Now make questions to get the answers given below.

1. *Q* : Were there dolls in the shop ?

A : Yes, there were dolls in the clothes shop.

2. Q: ...there were any horses in the streets?

A: No, there were no horses in the streets.

3. Q: ...there were any flowers in the market?

A: No, there weren't any flowers in the market.

4. Q: ...there was a duck in the water?

A: Yes, there was a duck in the water.

5. Q: ...there was a bad egg in the basket?

A: No, there was no bad egg in the basket.

6. Q: ...there wasn't any coffee in the cup?

A: No, there wasn't any coffee in the cup.

IV Look at the pictures and fill in the blanks in the sentences given against each picture. The first item is done for you.



1. (a) *Two of the boys have caps on their heads.*
- (b) *One of the girls is wearing a sari.*
- (c) *Three of the girls are wearing skirts.*

2. (a) _____

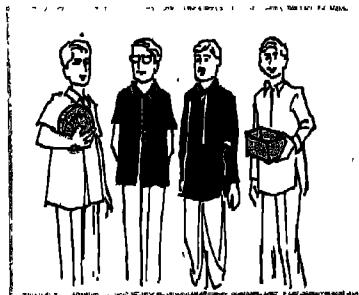
the men are wearing black
shirts.

(b) one _____

the men is carrying a football.

(c) one _____

them has a box in his
hand.



3. (a) one _____

the monkeys are on the

ground.



(b) five _____

one _____

are in the tree.

(c) One one _____

monkeys is playing with its
tail.

4. (a) _____

the animals are cats.

(b) _____

_____ are dogs.

(c) _____ of _____

_____ is fighting with

a cat.



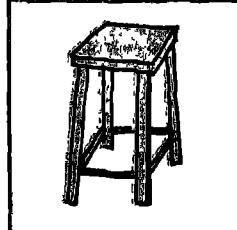
V Look at the pictures and complete the sentences, using the word 'only'.
The first one is done for you.



This man has
two boxes
in his hands.



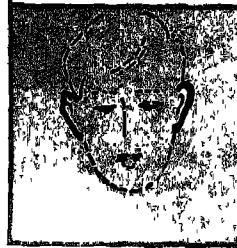
This man has
only one box
in his hand.



This stool has
four legs.



This
.....
.....



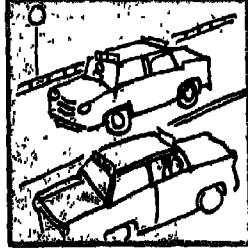
A man has
two ears.



He
.....
.....



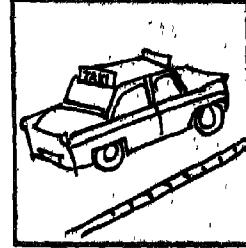
A dog has
four legs.



In this picture
there are
two taxis on
the road.

A man has

.....

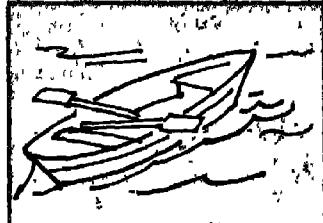


In this picture
there is
on the road.

VI Match the words with the pictures.

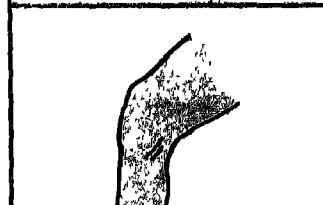
numbers

.....



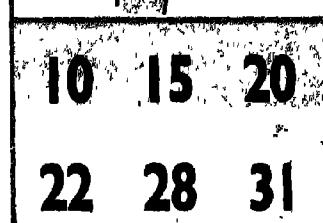
lines

.....



knuckle

.....



4. (a) _____

the animals are cats.

(b) _____

_____ are dogs.

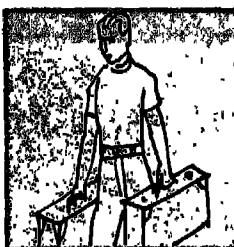
(c) _____ of _____

_____ is fighting with

a cat.



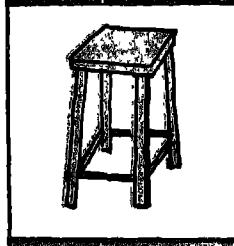
V Look at the pictures and complete the sentences, using the word 'only'.
The first one is done for you.



This man has
two boxes
in his hands.



This man has
only one box
in his hand.



This stool has
four legs.

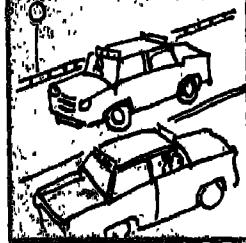


A man has
two ears.

He
.....nose.



A dog has
four legs.

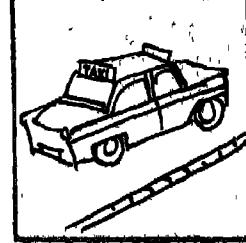


In this picture
there are
two taxis on
the road.

A man has
.....



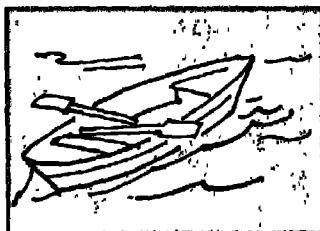
In this picture
there is.....
.....
on the road.



VI Match the words with the pictures.

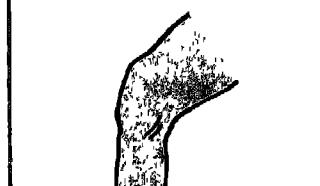
numbers

.....



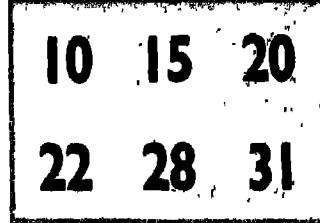
lines

.....



knuckle

.....



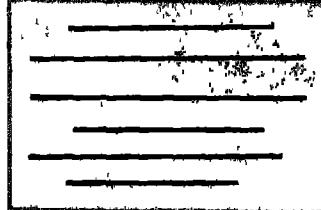
boat



knee



hand



VII 1. Which of the following is an 'accident'? Write the letter of the correct answer in the brackets.

- (a) Ram killed Gopal with a knife.
- (b) On the road, a car ran over a boy.
- (c) The monkey ate all the mangoes.

()

2. Which of the following is a 'journey'?

- (a) I went from home to school.
- (b) I rode three kilometres on a bicycle.
- (c) I went from Bombay to Calcutta in a train.

()

3. Who shouted with 'joy'?

- (a) The child got sweets.

(b) The boy lost his pen.

(c) The girl was hungry.

()

4. Who was a great 'leader' ?

(a) The writer of this book.

(b) The man in the next house.

(c) Jawaharlal Nehru.

()

5. Ram said to Gopal, "Let's go and see the circus."

Gopal said, "Yes".

Here,

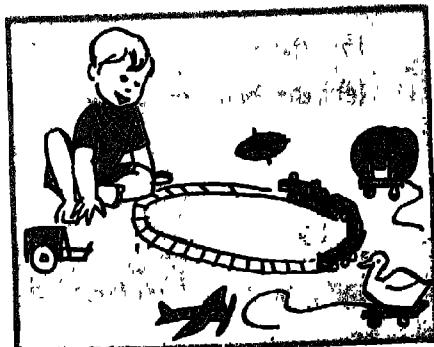
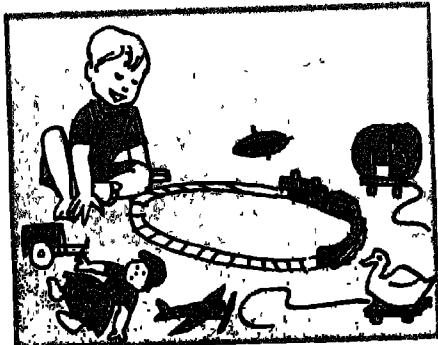
(a) Gopal agreed with Ram.

(b) Ram agreed with Gopal.

(c) They did not agree.

()

6. Look at the two pictures. What is 'missing' in the second picture ?



Dull

7. Ram, Gopal and Mohan jumped into the river. Ram was drowned. Gopal got to the other bank. Mohan was missing.

Now, who went across 'safely' ?

.....

8. You read about Kutchu last year. He did funny things. Which of the following is true about him ? Write the number of the correct answer.

- (a) Kutchu was a foolish man.
- (b) Kutchu was a wise man.
- (c) Kutchu was a great man.

()

9. Which of the following will be 'drowned' ?

- (a) Ram fell into a well.
- (b) Gopal fell down from a tree.
- (c) A car ran over Mohan.

()

10. At the beginning of a race, the boys stand in a line; then the teacher says, "Start ! " and

- (a) the boys stand in their places.
- (b) the boys run.
- (c) the boys go away.

()

11. A well is

- (a) deep.
- (b) long.
- (c) flat.

()

WORKSHEET 2

I Read Lesson 2 and answer the questions given. Answer in complete sentences.

Examples :

1. *Question :* Can animals fly ?

Answer : No, animals cannot fly.

2. *Question :* Can big planes fly very fast ?

Answer : Yes, big planes can fly very fast.

- (i) *Can men fly like birds ?*

The.....man.....cannot.....fly.....

- (ii) *Can birds move their wings and tails up and down ?*

The.....bird.....can.....move.....its.....wings.....and.....tail.....

- (iii) *Can an aeroplane move its tail ?*

An.....aeroplane.....can.....move.....its.....tail.....

- (iv) *Can an aeroplane move its wings ?*

An.....aeroplane.....can.....move.....its.....wings.....

(v) Can an aeroplane rise into the sky suddenly ?

.....

(vi) Can a bat fly ?

.....

II Make questions like those in Exercise I for the answers given.
Here is an example :

Question : Can Ravi ride a bicycle ?

Answer : Yes, Ravi can ride a bicycle.

1. *Q* :

A : Yes, I can swim.

2. *Q* :

A : No, I cannot ride a horse.

3. *Q* :

A : Yes, Mrs. Lal can drive a car.

4. *Q* :

A : Yes, I can spell the word 'beautiful'.

5. Q:

A: No, I can't write with my left hand.

III Fill in the blanks with *can* or *cannot*.

1. A baby of six months _____ walk, but a boy _____ walk.
2. Mrs. Lal can drive a car, but Mr. Lal _____ drive.
3. I _____ speak Hindi; but I can't write it.
4. A knife _____ cut bread and it _____ cut your finger too.
5. A parrot _____ talk but a chicken _____ talk.

IV Answer these questions in complete sentences.

(i) Can you see the moon in the day ?

.....

(ii) Can you count from one to a hundred in English ?

.....

(iii) Can you fly an aeroplane ?

.....

(iv) Can you fly a kite ?

.....

(v) Can a man live under water ?

.....

(vi) Can a fish live on land ?

.....

V Under each sentence in A write a matching sentence from B.

A

1. Radha liked the sari very much.

.....

2. My car is old.

.....

3. Radha's birthday is on Sunday.

.....

4. The donkey was lazy.

.....

5. I saw a beautiful doll in the shop.

.....

6. Raghu plays cricket.

.....

7. Mother, my friends are going for a picnic.

.....

8. My daughter is ill.

.....

B

1. It did not want to work.
2. He wants to buy a new cricket bat.
3. She wanted to buy it.
4. I want to buy a new car.
5. I want to take her to the doctor.
6. She wants to give her friends a party.
7. I wanted to buy the doll.
8. I want to go with them.

VI Make six meaningful sentences from the table on the next page and write the sentences on the lines given.

We see		our hands	
We cut bread		a ribbon	
We clap	with	a gun	
Radha ties her hair		our eyes	
She skips		a knife	
The farmer shot a bird		a rope	

1.
2.
3.
4.
5.
6.

VII Fill in the blanks with *the other* or *another*.

1. I gave Ashok two oranges. He ate one and gave _____ to his sister.
2. I gave one mango to Balu and _____ to his sister. I took one.
3. Mr. Lal has a car. He wants to buy _____ for his son.

4. Mr. Prasad has two houses. One is near the market. _____
is near the railway station.
5. There is only one chair in my room. I want _____.
6. There were two chairs in my room. There is only one now. Where
is _____?
7. There is a bus to our school at 8-30 a.m. There is _____
at 8-45 a.m.

VIII Here are three forms of the verb *rise*.

rise

rising

rose

Now fill in the blanks with the other two forms of the verbs given below.

fly

eat

land

tide

travel

drive

move

take off _____

write _____

IX Fill in the blanks with the words or phrases given.

(a)	engine	seat	suddenly
	country	slowly	lazy
	side	distance	

1. Our bus stopped _____. We looked out. A child was running across the road.

2. The snake moved its head _____ from side to _____.

3. The _____ between my home and our school is four kilometres.

4. Radha is a _____ girl. She doesn't help her mother.

5. India is a very big _____.

6. The _____ of a train pulls the train.

7. "Sir, Ram is sitting in my _____. Where shall I sit?" Gopu said to the teacher.

(b)	took off	roof	moved
	rose	flew	passengers
	travel	landed	

1. The teacher _____ the blackboard away from his table.
2. A : I am going to Madras on Monday.
B : I want to go there too. I will also go on Monday. We can
_____ together.
3. The sun _____ at 6-10 a.m. today.
4. This is a big bus. It can carry sixty-four _____.
5. The aeroplane _____ from the airport with a party of
children and _____ over the town for half an hour;
then it came back and _____. The children came out
of the plane with shouts of joy.
6. The hen flew up and sat on the _____ of the house.

WORKSHEET 3

I At the end of each sentence below two forms of a verb are given. Fill in each blank choosing the correct form from the two forms given.

1. It is a big river. A lot of water _____ in it.

(flow, flows)

2. "There _____ a lot of food; you can all stay for lunch."

(is, are)

3. There _____ lots of mangoes in the trees. All the boys ate mangoes.

(was, were)

4. "Look at these trees. There _____ a lot of birds in them."

(is, are)

5. A number of boys _____ at the bus-stop. They are waiting for the bus.

(is standing, are standing)

II Fill in the blanks in the following dialogue. Some clues are given in brackets to help you.

Policeman : Did you see the thief ?

Villager : Yes, I _____ him.

Policeman : What was he doing ?

Villager : He _____ in front of my house. (go)

He _____ a box on his head. (carry)

Policeman : Was he running ?

Villager : No, he _____. He _____.
_____. (walk)

Policeman : Where was he going ?

Villager : I don't know. Perhaps he _____
(go)
to the forest. Perhaps he _____ to hide the box
in the forest. (want)

Policeman : Tell me about his clothes.

Villager : He _____ a black shirt. (wear)

Policeman : _____ wearing a cap on his
head ?

Villager : No, he _____ no cap on his head. (have)

Policeman : You saw him in the dark. What time was it then ?

Villager : _____ 4 o'clock in the morning.

Policeman : Was it very dark then ?

Villager : Yes, _____ very dark.

Policeman : Then you didn't see him !

III What time is it ? Look at the clocks and say. The first one is done for you

It is 4 o'clock.



_____ .



_____ past _____.
_____ .



_____ minutes
_____ .



_____ a _____ to
_____ .

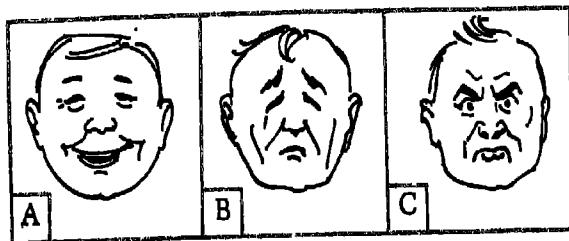


_____ minutes
_____ .



four.
_____ .

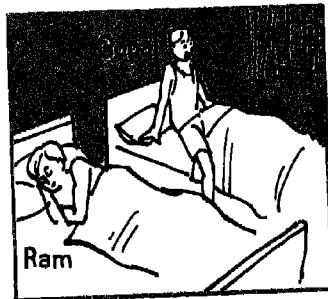
IV 1. Which face shows 'anger' ? Which face shows 'joy' ?



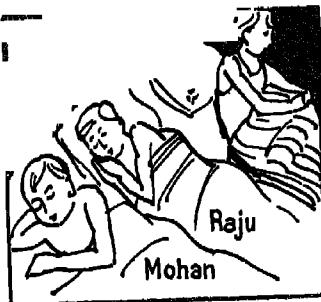
_____ joy.

_____ anger.

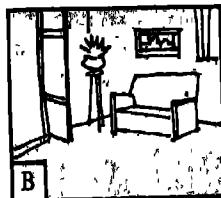
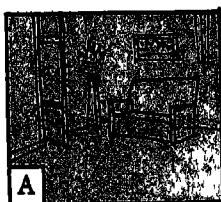
2. Who is asleep ?



3. Who is awake ?



4. Which room is dark ?
Which room is bright ?



V Fill in the blanks below with suitable words. Write the letters of each word above the dashes. Some letters in the words are given to help you.

(a) 1. Where is the bucket? It is in a

c r
— — — — — of the room.

There is a bed in the room.

It is a b r m
— — — — —.



2. This is an old bucket. It has no

b t t
— — — — —. You can't

d w
— — — — water with it.



3. What is the man doing? He has a

s p
— — — — — in his hand. He is

f l l g
— — — — — — — the old bucket

with mud.



4. There is a p l t in the bucket now.



5. The girl is dancing. The people are w c h her.



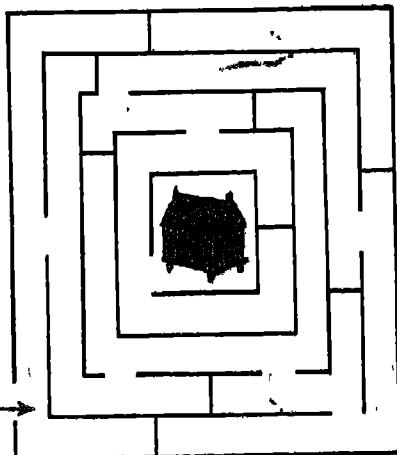
6. The leader is s p n g to the people.



7. There are many walls in this picture. Within these walls, there is a box. In the box are

the King's j w s.

The man in the picture wants to take away the box.



He is a rbb.

How will he get to the box?

(The man cannot jump over the walls.)

8. "Where is my pen? I can't find it. Did a thief sl my pen?"
asked Raju.

"Perhaps you drd it on your way to school,"
his sister said.

"Let me look for it on the road," said Raju.

Mohan came into the room. He said, "Raju, I found your pen on the
road yesterday. I took it and k it with me. Here it is."

9. Water is flwg
in the chl.



10. "Don't w the food. Eat it or give it to some poor
people."

(b) 1. A monkey can climb a tree — — — — — and

q — — — — y.

2. The woman is — — — — — p r n g

the tea into the cup.



3. "I want to be king of this — — — — — k m."

4. We started work two hours — — —. We are — — — — — a s t l
working.

5. "Don't make a noise. Don't speak — — — — — 1 l y.

Do everything — — — — — q 1 y. This is the library."

6. "Let us go and see this picture

t o — — — — — t,"



7. Tim is a very c 1 — — — — — r dog. He can do many things.

Say "Shake hands." He will give you his paw. Throw a ball away. He

will bring it back to you.

8. Ramu is our ^s~~r~~^v~~t~~. He does all the work in the house:

VI. Fill in the blanks with *have, has, had* or *hadn't*.

1. Mr. Bansi Lal was very poor. He _____ any money. He _____ no house. He slept in the street. His children _____ any good clothes. Then he won a lottery prize. Now he _____ a lot of money, a house and a car. His children _____ good food and good clothes.

2. Mr. Bhagat was a judge. He was very rich. He _____ a lot of money, a big house and a car. His children _____ fine clothes and went to school in a car. After some time Mr. Bhagat became a *sadhu*. Now he _____ no house and no money. He _____ no car, and he walks from place to place. He helps the poor and teaches their children. He is very happy.

WORKSHEET 4

I Make meaningful sentences by adding a suitable purpose-phrase from B to each item under A. Write the sentences you make on the dotted lines.

Example:

Nirmala went to the market *to buy some bangles.*

A

1. The farmer went to the market
2. The farmer dug the field
3. I went to the hospital
4. We climbed the trees
5. The children went to the park
6. Do you want a knife
7. The old man ran
8. We sat under a tree

B

- | |
|----------------------|
| to cut the cake |
| to pick some mangoes |
| to have a rest |
| to sow the wheat |
| to catch the bus |
| to see the doctor |
| to buy some wheat |
| to play |

1.
2.
3.
4.
5.

6.

7.

8.

II Fill in each blank on the right-hand side with the *purpose-phrase* of the verb given on the left-hand side. The first two items are done for you.

Past tense

Purpose-phrase

ate

to eat

fought

to fight

wrote

brought

bought

swam

ran

hid

saw

made

dug _____

caught _____

III Study these sentences.

Ram went for the picnic.

Raghu went for the picnic too.

We can combine the two sentences in italics and say:

Both Ram and Raghu went for the picnic.

Or

Both the boys went for the picnic.

Now combine each pair of sentences given below, using *both*, in one of the two ways shown above. Write down the sentences you make on the lines given.

1. The fox hated the camel.

The wolf hated the camel.

.....

2. I went to the market.

My brother went too.

.....

3. The big parrot can talk.

The small parrot also can talk.

.....

4. The first son was lazy.

The second son was lazy too.

.....

5. The leopard was brave.

The wolf was brave too.

.....

6. Lakshmi sings well.

Her sister, Sita, sings well too.

.....

7. My brother wore a new coat.

I wore a new coat too.

.....

8. The duck loves to stay in the water.

The swan loves to stay in the water too.

.....

IV. Fill in the blanks.

sit

sitting

sat

hunt

hunting

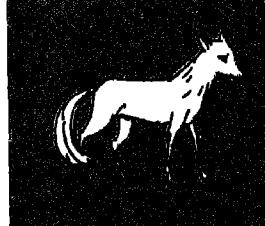
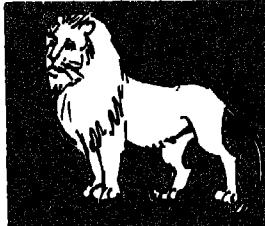
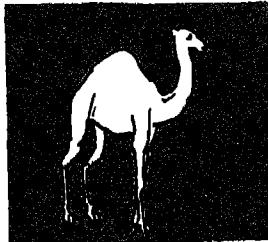
save

die

whisper

fall ill

V Write under each picture the name of the animal in it.



VI Fill in the blanks in the sentences with the words found in the boxes. Above the word in each box, write the number of the sentence in which you have used it. If you complete the exercise correctly, the result will be a 'magic square'. That is to say, any three numbers in a straight line (including the diagonals) added together will give you 15.

cunning	honest	died
at once	ministers	enough
nothing	body	fond

1. The elephant has a big _____ .
2. The fox is a _____ animal.
3. "There is _____ food for all of us. Let's eat."
4. Mahatma Gandhi _____ on 30th January, 1948.
5. The king had three _____ to help him.
6. "I took out all the things from the box. There is _____ in it now."
7. "Grandfather is very ill. Call the doctor _____ ."

8. Ravi is very _____ of ice-cream.

9. "My servant is very _____. I leave all my keys with him."

VII Fill in the blanks with the words or phrases given.

(a) fell ill bowed saved merchant
 whisper hunts aim

1. Mohan's cat fell into a pond. Mohan jumped into the water and
_____ it.

2. The tiger _____ other animals at night.

3. Mrs. Das: What did Raju _____ in your ear?

Mr. Das: He said, "I want a bicycle."

4. Ramu _____ yesterday and is now in hospital.

5. Ravindran wants to become a doctor and help poor people. That is
his _____ in life.

6. Mr. Lal is a _____. He buys and sells wheat.

7. The minister came into the court, _____ before the king
and took his seat.

(b) ugly gladly enemies flesh
brave hated hunger not at all

1. Mr. Thomas and Mr. Gadwal were _____ once, but now they are very good friends.
2. Shivaji was a very _____ leader. He was not afraid of any of his enemies.
3. The poor man had no food for many days and died of _____.

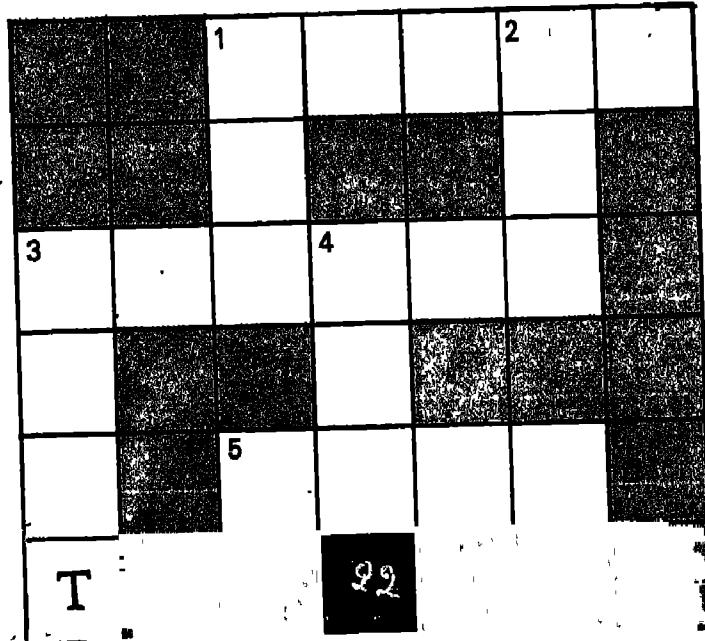


4. This man has an _____ face.
5. Duryodhana _____ the Pandavas and wanted to kill them all.
6. "I don't want any dinner. I am _____ hungry."
7. Lions and tigers kill other animals and eat their _____.
8. A: Please give me a hundred rupees.

B: I shall _____ give it to you. Take the money from me this evening.

WORKSHEET 5

I Using the clues given below, solve this crossword puzzle.



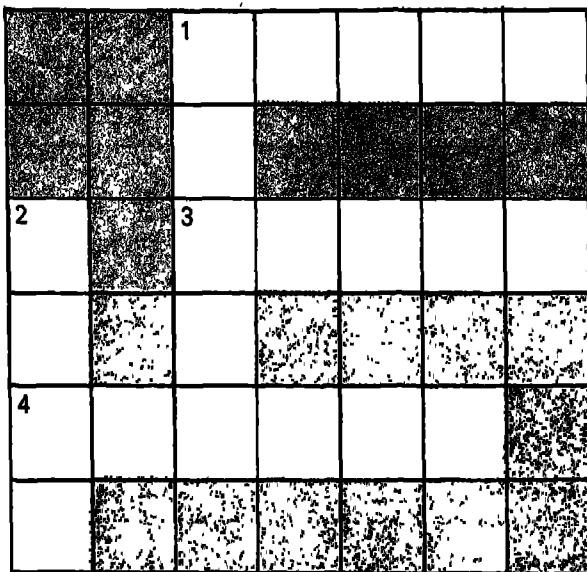
Across

1. Thirty days make one.
3. This is 12 o'clock in the day.
5. To work and get money.

Down

1. Middle.
2. Children play with this.
3. People kill animals and get this as food.
4. Not cheap, but _____.

II Using the clues given below, solve this crossword puzzle.



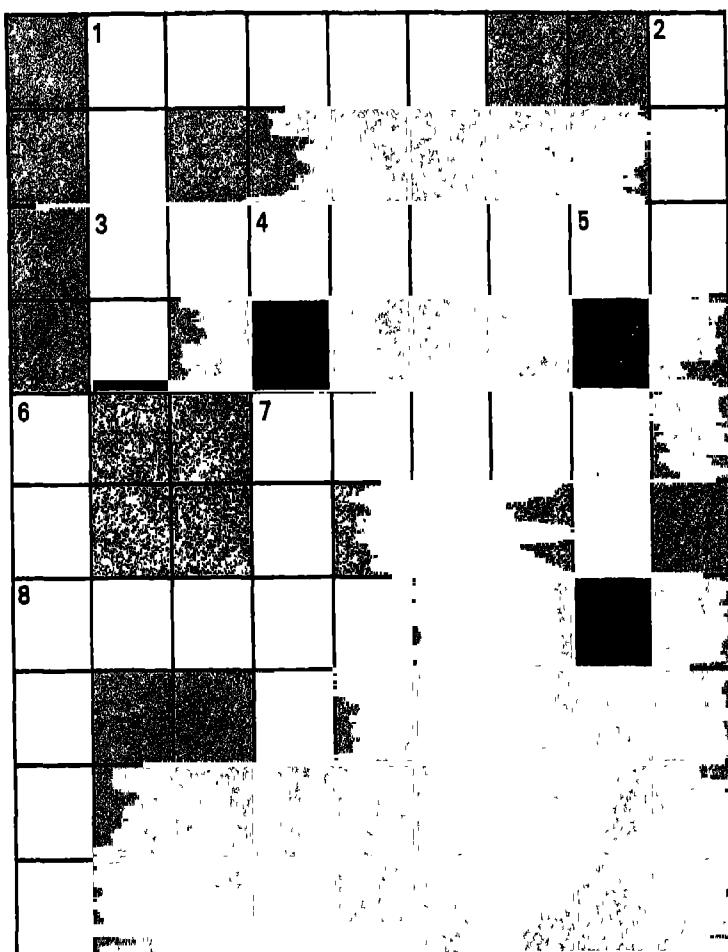
Across

1. With your ear, you hear this.
3. "Read this book. You will _____ it. It is full of nice stories."
4. Old rupee coins were made of this.

Down

1. You get the _____ of a thing through your nose.
2. These pencils _____ Re. 1 each.

III Using the clues given below, solve this crossword puzzle



Across

1. "This sari is not dear. It is _____."
3. Banks lend money on _____.
7. There is no teacher in the class. The children are making a lot of _____.
8. "Let's sit under the tree for a _____."

Down

1. "I want a 25-paisa _____."
2. You drink water. You _____ food.
4. The sound of little bells.
5. You have money. Then you buy things with it and in this way you
_____ the money.
6. At all times.

IV Match the clues given with the following words.

prince miser princess watchman

1. He loves his money and does not wish to spend any of it. _____
2. He looks after a house or a shop and keeps away thieves. _____
3. He is the son of a king. _____
4. She is the daughter of a king. _____

V Fill in the blanks with *always*, *sometimes*, *all days*, or *some days*.

1. The sun _____ rises in the east.

2. The big post-office in our town is open on _____, but the small post-office is closed on some days.
3. The boys in the hostel have bread and butter for breakfast on _____ in the week. On other days they have chappatis.
4. _____, our school bus is late, and the children are late for school.
5. I take a bath in the morning on _____. On some days, I take a bath in the evening too.
6. My father _____ has his breakfast only after his puja.
7. On _____ our teacher tells us a story before the lesson.
8. I take my umbrella to school every day. But _____ I forget to take it back home.

WORKSHEET 6

I Note the use of *always*, *often* and *sometimes* in the sentences below.

1. A snake *always* crawls.
2. A dog *sometimes* bites.
3. Raghu loves films. He goes to see them very *often*.

Fill in the blanks with *always*, *often* or *sometimes*.

1. "Do you _____ go to the park?"

"No, I don't go there often. I go there only _____."

2. I do not go very _____ to see films. I go only on some days.
3. Leela lives in a village. She does not _____ see cars on the road.
4. Mr. Prasad _____ sows wheat in his field, but _____ he also sows horsegram in a part of the field.
5. On hot days milk very _____ becomes sour and then we

cannot use it for our coffee or tea.

II Note the use of *one* and *ones* in the sentences below.

1. There are some apples on the table. Can I take *one* (=an apple)?
2. I want some bangles. Give me those red *ones* (=bangles).

Now fill in the blanks with *one* or *ones*.

1. Look at those birds. Aren't the small _____ beautiful?
2. I want some coconuts. Give me those big _____ .
3. I do not want a white rose. I want a red _____ .
4. All those shells are beautiful but I do not want the small
_____. I want the big _____ .
5. There are many parks in this city. We go to the _____
near our house.
6. My friend has two dogs. The big _____ is black and the
small _____ is brown.

III Fill in the blanks in the sentences with the words found in the boxes.
Above the word in each box, write the number of the sentence in which you have
used it. If you complete the exercise correctly, the result will be a "magic square".

That is to say, any three numbers in a line added together will give you 27.

smiled	bazaar	answer
remember	full of	about
looked	forget	neighbour

5. I went to the _____ to buy some potatoes.

6. The old man _____ very tired.

7. "What is the distance from here to the railway station?"

"It is _____. four kilometres."

8. "Will you _____ to post my letter?"

"Yes, I will. I won't forget it."

9. "Ravi, _____ these questions."

10. "Radha, do not _____ to buy a notebook for me."

11. "Is Mr. Prasad your _____?"

"Yes, he lives next to us."

12. The forest is _____ many kinds of animals and birds.

13. The child saw his father and _____ happily.

V Fill in the blanks with the words or phrases given.

dream fell asleep shoulder made fun of

1. An old man walked into the classroom by mistake. The boys laughed

and _____ him. The teacher said, "Don't do that. That

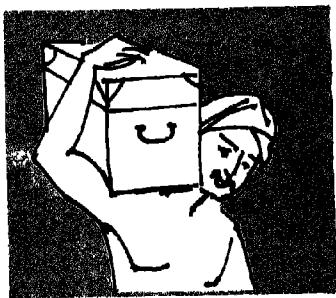
is very bad."

2. I was lying in my bed and reading a book about a tiger. Then I

_____, and had a _____. In my dream I

saw a big tiger. It ran after me.

3. This man is carrying the box on

his right _____. 

WORKSHEET 7

I (a) Look at the picture and write the words *branch*, *leaves* and *shade* at the right places on the lines.



(b) (i) How many monkeys are going up the tree?

(ii) How many monkeys are going down the tree?

.....

(iii) How many monkeys are sitting in the shade?

.....

(iv) How many monkeys are sitting in the sun?

.....

(v) What are the monkeys in the shade doing? Are they running, jumping,
or taking a rest?

.....

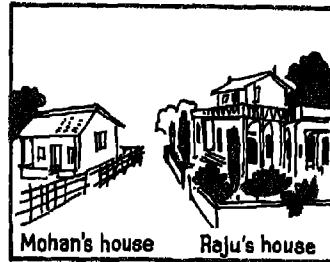
.....

.....

II Fill in the blanks with the words given.

cool without large
full small empty
same around husband

1. Mohan lives in a _____ house.



2. Raju lives in a _____ house.

3. There is a garden _____ Raju's house.

4. "Let's go and sit in the shade. It will be _____ there."

It is _____ here in the sun."

5. The blue bus is _____,
but the black bus is _____.



6. In A and B you see the _____ girl; in A she is wearing a sari; in B she is wearing a skirt.



7. We cannot live _____ food.
8. Last night I had a dream. I _____ about a circus with lions and tigers in it.
9. Kamala is Mohan's wife. Mohan is Kamala's _____

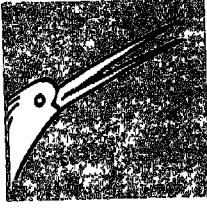
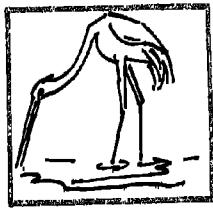
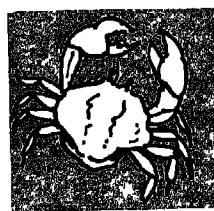
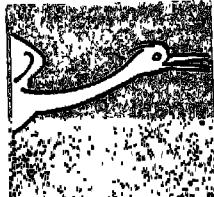
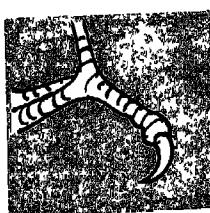
WORKSHEET 8

I Fill in the blanks with *much*, *many* or *plenty of*.

1. Some years ago there were _____ lions in our forests but now there aren't _____ lions in them.
2. "Do not put too _____ sugar in my coffee. I want only half a spoon."
3. We have _____ food for the picnic.
4. There are _____ eggs in the market today.
5. There isn't _____ milk in the jug.
6. _____ people came to listen to the Prime Minister.
7. There is _____ ice-cream for everyone.

II Write under each picture on the next page the name of what you see in it. The names are given below.

beak	neck	claw	crab
crane	rain	pond	



III Fill in the blanks in each item below with a suitable word. Write the letters of the word above the dashes. Some letters in the words are given to help you.

1. The crane told the fish about water in another pond and the fish

$$\frac{b}{4} - \frac{1}{4} = \frac{d}{it}$$

2. There wasn't $\frac{c}{2}$ — $\frac{h}{2}$ water in their pond.

3. "Soon there won't be any water — — — — — in the pond," the crane said.

4. "The water in the pond will $\frac{d}{8}$ — $\frac{p}{—}$."

6. The crane took a fish and flew ^{t w d}
₇ — — — — — a tree.

7. "Did the crane want to eat the crab?"

"^{f c u s e}
₃ — — — — — it wanted to eat all the crabs."

8. A crab has ^p
₆ — — — — claws.

Take out the letters which have numbers under them and put them above the same numbers given below. If you have got all the words correctly, you will get the name of a city in north India.

— — — — — — —
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

WORKSHEET 9

I Write the opposites of the following words.

good _____

cold _____

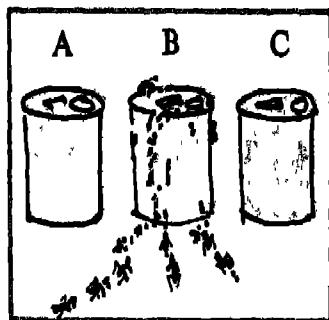
truth _____

dishonest _____

foolish _____

II In the picture, there are three _____

In one, there is ghee, in the other two there is kerosene.



Now, which tin has ghee in it? (Write your answer in a full sentence below.)

.....

III Fill in each blank below with a suitable word. Write the letters of the word above the dashes. In each word, some letters are given to help you.

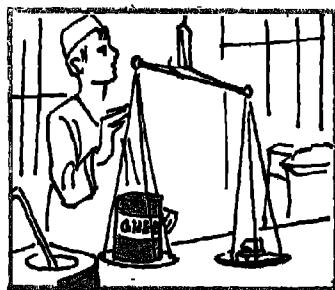
1. "I have only a small ^{a m} —————— of money. I can't buy this car."

2. Mohan : Sir, I have a — — — — — against Raju.

Teacher: What is it?

- Mohan :** Raju b r w d my pencil yesterday. Then he broke it. And he won't give me a new pencil.

- Raju : Sir, he is a — — — — . I — — — — — —
his pencil this morning. I did not break it.



3. The shopkeeper is wgn g
the tin of ghee.

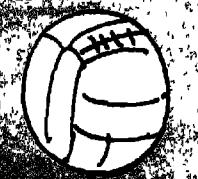
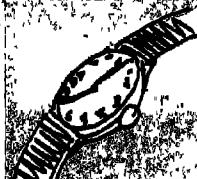
5. "You are telling me a _____. Tell me the _____."

"What did you do with that money?" the police inspector said to the man.

6. The story in Lesson 9 is one of the many stories about Birbal's

c 1 s s

IV Ravi bought these things!

			
Rs. 20	Rs. 6	Rs. 110	Rs. 4

Note the price of each article and answer the questions below. The first one is done for you.

1. How much did Ravi pay for the football ?

Ravi paid Rs. 20 for the football.

2. How much did Ravi pay for the pen ?

.....

3. How much did Ravi pay for the watch ?

.....

4. How much did Ravi pay for the book ?

.....

V Make questions with *how much* for the answers given below. The first one is done for you.

1. *Question :* How much did Sunil want for his bicycle ?

Answer : Sunil wanted Rs. 200 for his bicycle.

2. *Question :*

Answer : Gopal paid Rs. 5 for the pen.

3. *Question* :

Answer : This pencil costs fifty paise.

4. *Question* :

Answer : I will pay Rs. 10 for it.

5. *Question* :

Answer : That bag of rice weighed 100 kilograms.

6. *Question* :

Answer : This tin of ghee weighs 12 kilograms.

WORKSHEET 10

I Fill in the blanks with *mine, yours, his, hers, ours* or *theirs*.

1. "Ravi, I found this black pen. Is it _____?"

"No, it isn't _____. But Radha had a black pen. Maybe
it is _____. "

2. "Is that Raman's car?"

"No, it isn't _____ now. He sold it to the Gupta Brothers.
Now it is _____. "

3. "I bought my books yesterday. When did you and Radha
buy _____ ?"

"We bought _____ a few days ago."

4. "Sir, you gave back my notebook. Did you give back Radha and
Raman _____ too?"

II A : This is my pencil.

B : This pencil is mine.

Sentences **A** and **B** have more or less the same meaning. Now rewrite the following sentences as in **B** above. Write the sentences you make on the dotted lines.

1. This is his pen.
2. Is this her pen ?
3. This is my notebook.
4. Are these their notebooks ?
5. This is his dog.

III Make two sentences, one a positive command using the words given under **A** and **B** and the other a negative command using the words given under **A** and **C**.

Example : **A**
 play

B
 garden

C
 mud

Play in the garden.

Don't play in the mud.

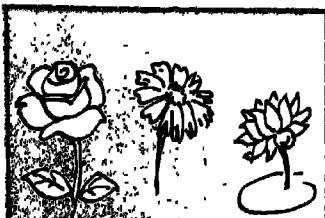
A
1. eat

B
an apple

C
sour grapes

- | | A | B | C |
|----------------|------------|-----------------|-------------|
| 2. | bathe | morning | night |
|
..... | | | |
| 3. | go | museum | picnic |
|
..... | | | |
| 4. | drink | a glass of milk | coffee |
|
..... | | | |
| 5. | throw away | bad apples | good apples |
|
..... | | | |
| 6. | open | windows | door |
|
..... | | | |
| 7. | go | with Radha | with Kusum |
|
..... | | | |

IV Look at the pictures below and make questions with *which*, to get the answers given next to each picture. The first one is done for you.



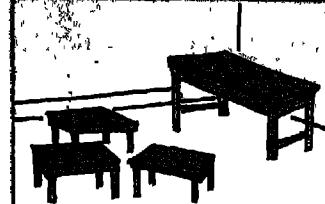
1. The first flower in the picture is a rose.

Which flower in the picture is a rose?



2. The small bird is sitting in the tree.

.....



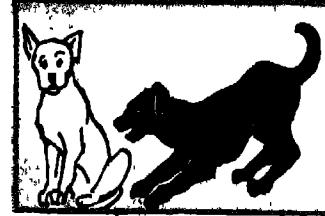
3. The big table is in the corner.

.....



4. The tall boy is carrying the bag.

.....



5. The black dog is Radha's.

.....

V Make questions with *which*, to get the answers given in italics.

Example :

Q: Which bottle has ink in it?

A : The blue bottle has ink in it.

1. *Q :*

A : That big field is mine.

2. *Q :*

A : The shop at the end of the street sells good shoes.

3. *Q :*

A : I answered the first and fourth questions right.

4. *Q :*

A : The notebook on the table is mine.

5. *Q :*

A : The red pen is Mohan's.

6. *Q :*

A : Mr. Bhaskar's third son is a doctor.

VI Study these sentences.

A

Rakesh can speak French.

B

He can write French.

In a pair of sentences such as this, we should use *also* in the second sentence,

as shown below.

A

Rakesh can speak French.

B

He can also write French.

Now rewrite the pairs of sentences below as shown above, using *also* in the second sentence. Write the two sentences on the dotted lines.

A

(i) I can drive a scooter.

B

I can drive a car.

.....

.....

(ii) He sold his car.

He sold his house.

.....

.....

(iii) Buy some apples.

Buy some bananas.

.....

.....

(iv) He failed in English.

He failed in Hindi.

.....

.....

(v) You can take Raman with you.

You can take Lakshman with you.

.....

.....

(vi) On the Teacher's Day, there was a meeting.

There was a drama.

.....

.....

VII Put in the brackets the letter of the correct answer of each item below.

1. Ramesh borrowed a pen from Mukund. The pen belongs to

(a) Ramesh.

(b) Mukund.

(c) both.

()

2. What do you answer ?

(a) a song.

(b) a word.

(c) a question.

()

3. What word can you write in place of *also* ?

(a) too.

(b) and.

(c) but.

()

4. Who is surprised ?

(a)



(b)



(c)



()

VIII Fill in the blanks with the words given.

hit

parts

fight

answer

worm

half

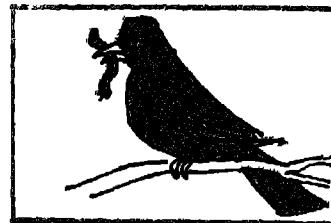
over

1. Two boys fought in class yesterday. The teacher came and stopped

the _____.

2. This bird has a _____

in its beak.



3. The boy threw a stone at the dog. But it _____ a man.

4. Mohan and his sister, Kamala, were fighting _____ an

apple. Their mother took the apple from them, cut it into two and

gave one _____ to each.

5. The teacher asked the class a question and said, "Write the

_____ in your notebooks."

6. Some _____ of our city do not get enough water

in summer.

WORKSHEET 11

I Read the following clues, and make sentences from the table to match the clues.

1. I am not your uncle.
2. *She* is not your mother. *I* am your mother.
3. My name is Ranjit Singh. But don't call me Mr. Singh.
4. In that film, Ashok Kumar is the father of Mumtaz.
5. Sir, I don't want to be class-leader.
6. Sir, Raghu wants to be class-leader.

1. Don't call		class-leader	
2. Call	her	'father'	
3. Call	me	'uncle'	
4. She calls	him	'mother'	
5. Don't make		Ranjit	
6. Please make			

II Read the following questions and answers.

- (a) Are there any mangoes on the ground?

Yes, there are a few mangoes on the ground.



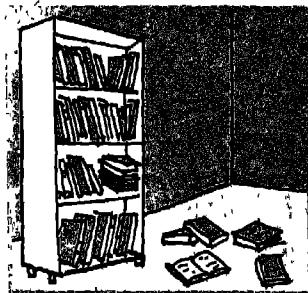
(b) Are there any mangoes in the tree ?

Yes, there are a lot of mangoes in the tree.

Now look at the pictures and answer the questions given as shown above, using *a lot of* or *a few*.

1. (a) Are there any books on the shelf ?

.....
.....

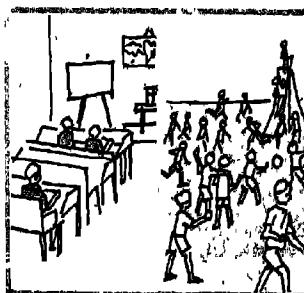


(b) Are there any books on the floor ?

.....

2. (a) Are there any boys in the classroom ?

.....
.....



(b) Are there any boys on the playground ?

.....

3. (a) Are there any ducks in the water ?

.....
.....



(b) Are there any birds in the sky ?

.....

III ‘Never’ means ‘not at any time’. Read the following sentences.

I will not speak to you again.

You can rewrite the sentence, using ‘never’.

I will never speak to you again.

Now rewrite the following sentences, using ‘never’.

1. The Prince said, “ I’ll not kill animals again.”
-

2. I will not eat meat again.
-

3. Gandhiji promised his mother, “ I will not drink wine.”
-

4. He is now blind and cannot see anything again.
-

5. I will not see these silly pictures again.
-

6. Grandmother did not see a film in all her life.
-

IV Read the following sentences.

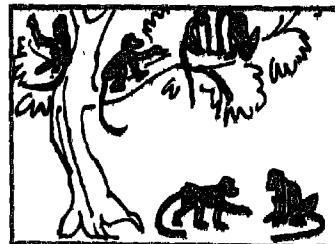
I want ten apples. I have seven apples now. I want *three more* apples.

Fill in the blanks in the following sentences using *one more*, *two more*, *three more*, *any more*.

1. There are four monkeys in the tree.

There are _____

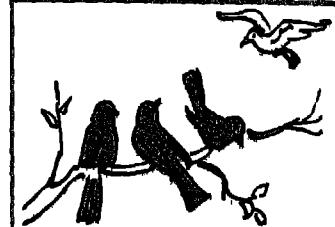
monkeys on the ground.



2. There are three birds on the branch.

There _____

in the sky.



3. _____ boys can sit on

the front bench.



4. The bus is full. We won't take _____ people.

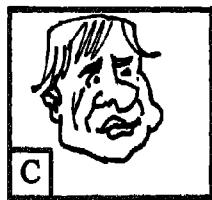
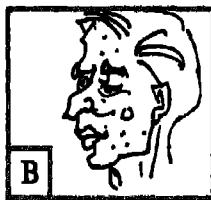
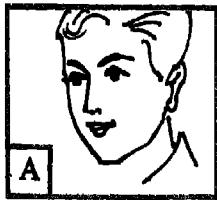
V Fill in the blanks with *many* or *a few*.

1. "Are there _____ cinema houses in this city?"

"No, there are only _____."

2. "There are not _____ mistakes in your exercise this time.
There are only _____," the teacher said to Ashok.
3. _____ tourists come to India to see the Taj.
4. There are only _____ pictures in colour in that book. The others are not in colour.
5. I want _____ minutes of your time. I want to tell you something. I won't be long.
6. There aren't _____ taxis in this town, but the buses are good.

VI 1. Who is "handsome" ?



2. Who is cheerful? Who is sad? Who is angry?



VII Fill in the blanks with suitable words. Put the letters of each word above the dashes given. One or more letters are given in each word, to help you.

1. I had a dog. I was very fond of him. He was my ^p — — — . His name
was 'Timothy'. But I ^c — — — — ^d him 'Tim'.

2. A : Will you come with us to the pictures tomorrow ?

B : I shall try. But I cannot ^p ^r ^m — — — — — .

3. I live in this house. No other man lives in this house. I live here

a — — — — e

4. The magician ^c ^h — — — — ^d the cat into a dog.

5. "I did not bring my pen today. May I — — — your pen?"

6. The man at the circus went into the tiger's _____. g

8. The king was a bad man. A rishi ^c — — — — — him : " You are
w ^d
— — — — — . On the seventh day from today a snake will bite
you and you will die."

9. Sri Rama m r d Sita, daughter of Janaka.

VIII Put in the brackets the letter of the correct answer of each item given below.

1. I saw a poor little dog. It was hungry. I felt
 - (a) wonder.
 - (b) joy.
 - (c) pity. ()

 2. Our servant, Ramu, doesn't know any English. But one morning he said to me " Good morning ! " I felt
 - (a) wonder.

- (b) surprise.
(c) pity. ()
3. I looked up at the night sky. I saw thousands and thousands of stars. I felt
(a) wonder.
(b) joy.
(c) pity. ()
4. Ramu doesn't know anything. And no one can teach him anything. He is
(a) wise.
(b) stupid.
(c) clever. ()
5. The king put his wicked minister in jail. The king
(a) liked him.
(b) helped him.
(c) punished him. ()

WORKSHEET 12

I Ask questions with *when*, to get the following answers.

Example :

Q : When did he return home ?

A : He returned home at 11 p.m.

1. *Q : ?*

A : I went to Delhi in January.

2. *Q : ?*

A : We are going on an excursion next week.

3. *Q : ?*

A : I will bring a cage for the parrot tomorrow.

4. *Q : ?*

A : The pond dried up last summer.

5. *Q : ?*

A : My father gave me this watch on my birthday.

6. *Q : ?*

A : I built this house last year.

7. Q : ?

A : The circus is coming to town this month.

8. Q : ?

A : We will have our lunch at one o'clock.

9. Q : ?

A : He went to the hospital in the morning.

10. Q : ?

A : The doctor will come after an hour.

II ~ Look at these pictures of Ravi.



Make questions to get the answers given below. Write the questions on the blank lines. The first one is done for you.

1. *Q* : *What time did Ravi get up ?*

A : He got up at 6 a.m.

2. *Q* : ?

A : He washed his face at 6.10 a.m.

3. *Q* : ?

A : He bathed at 6.30 a.m.

4. *Q* : ?

A : He had breakfast at 8 a.m.

5. *Q* : ?

A : He went to school at 9.30 a.m.

6. *Q* : ?

A : He went to the football field at 4.30 p.m.

7. *Q* : ?

A : He came home at 5.30 p.m.

8. *Q* : ?

A : He sat down to read at 8.30 p.m.

III Fill in the blanks with the phrases given.

by train

by car

by ship

by taxi

by bus

by plane

1. "I am going _____ from Madras to Colombo. The plane takes about an hour."

"How long does the journey take _____?"

"A ship takes a full day."

2. "Did you go to Darjeeling _____?"

"Yes, we did. We took the train from Siliguri. It went very slowly but we had a lovely time. Mr. Gupta and his family went _____."

But their car is an old one and they reached Darjeeling after two days."

3. "You can go _____ from Bangalore to Mysore. The taxis are good and travel fast."

"But I want to go _____. How long does the bus take?"

"It takes about four hours."

IV Look at the pictures on the right and fill in the blanks. Write the letters of

each word above the dashes. Some letters are given in each word to help you.

1. The lady is wearing a

n k
— — — — — .



2. The ball is r n d

2. The ball is — — — — .



3. That is a bird's n s

3. That is a bird's — — — .



4. This l y is Mrs. Pratap.

4. This — — — is Mrs. Pratap.



5. This woman is Mrs. Pratap's

m d-s t
— — — — — .



6. Mr. Sio's house was on this

s t
— — — — .

7. Mrs. Pratap put her necklace on this

s h f
— — — — .

V Put in the brackets the letter of the correct answer of each item below.

1. Who were Mrs. Pratap's guests ?

- (a) Her brothers.
- (b) Her children.
- (c) Her brother's son and daughter. ()

2. Which pen is expensive ?

- (a) a pen for Rs. 200.
- (b) a pen for Re. 1.
- (c) a pen for Rs. 1.50. ()

3. Who is my niece ?

- (a) my uncle's daughter.
- (b) my sister's daughter.
- (c) my mother's sister. ()

4. Who is my nephew ?

- (a) my friend's son.
- (b) my brother's son.
- (c) my uncle's son. ()

5. When is it noon ?

- (a) at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

- (b) at 12 o'clock in the day.
(c) at 12 o'clock in the night. ()
6. Which street do you call a neighbouring street ?
(a) the one near your street.
(b) the one not near your street.
(c) the same street as yours. ()
*
7. How many hours are there in a day ?
(a) sixty.
(b) twenty-four.
(c) thirty. ()
8. The teacher asks you a question. You
(a) sing a song.
(b) say nothing.
(c) give an answer. ()
9. "Be _____ with that knife. It is very sharp."
We can fill in the blank with the word
(a) *cunning*.
(b) *careful*.
(c) *quick*. ()

10. "I am hungry. Give me _____ to eat."

We can fill in the blank with the word

- (a) *anything.*
- (b) *a glass of milk.*
- (c) *something.*

()

WORKSHEET 13

I Ask questions using *whose* to get the answers given. Write the questions on the blank lines. The first one is done for you.

1. *Q*: *Whose pen is this?*

A: It is Ramu's pen.

2. *Q*:

A: Mohan's bicycle is missing.

3. *Q*:

A: That is Mr. Sethi's house.

4. *Q*:

A: I borrowed Sekhar's umbrella.

5. *Q*:

A: It is Lata's voice.

II Ask questions to get the answers given below, using *whose* as shown in the example.

Example :

Q : Whose is this pen ?

A : It is Mohan's pen.

1. *Q :*

A : That is Mr. Pratap's house.

2. *Q :*

A : That is his brother's.

3. *Q :*

A : That is Kamala's voice.

4. *Q :*

A : This is the teacher's handwriting.

III Fill in the blanks below. Write the letters of each word above the dashes. Some letters are given to help you.

1. This man is wearing a

t n
— — — — —



2. Here are two b g s.
One of them is l.



The other is b d.

3. "What is the u of a pen?"

"With a pen, you can write."

4. "Sir, what does the word 'stupid' m?"

"It means *foolish*."



5. The woman is c v n g

the table with a cloth.

6. In the morning I took my bicycle and went for a r. I

i — — — three kilometres and then r e t — — — d.



7. In the picture you see a police

o f — — — r. Where is he

taking the thief?

He is taking him to p r n.

8. The traveller rested under a tree on the r d s e

9. "Look at the dark sky.. Soon it will rain. I am s of it."

10. "Stop the bus !" I shouted. "I want to get o."

WORKSHEET 14

I Look at the pairs of words or phrases on the left and make sentences using *made of* as shown in No. 1. Write the sentences on the blank lines.

1. these shoes — rubber. *These shoes are made of rubber.*
2. books — paper
.....
3. bangles — glass
.....
4. this gate — wood
.....
5. this ribbon — silk
.....
6. this ball — rubber
.....
7. this necklace — gold
.....
8. this spoon — silver
.....

II Fill in the blanks with *some of*, *many of* or *one of*.

1. Don't throw away all the apples. Only _____ them are bad.
2. There are two tables in my room. _____ them is made of wood. The other is made of steel.

3. I bought a few roses. _____ them is red. The others are white.
4. _____ the boys of our school come on bicycles. Only _____ them come by bus.
5. "Are _____ the boys going to the museum or are only _____ them going there?"
6. _____ my friends is going with me to see a film.

III Read Lesson 14, look at the picture and fill in the blanks with suitable words. Write the letters of each word above the dashes. Some letters of each word are given to help you.



1. This is a picture of a d — — — — t

2. There is an o a s in the picture.

3. You get water at the s p g here.

4. There are a few d - p s near them.

5. There is a t t under the date-palms.

6. A man is l d n g g d some on a camel.

7. There is a c r d of travellers in the oasis.

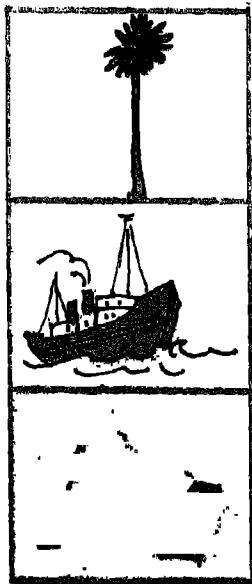
IV Look at the pictures on the left-hand side and write the name of what you see in each picture.



.....

.....

.....



.....
.....
.....

V Fill in the blanks with the words and phrases given.

(a) sandy shady heavy goes about
 dry wood page

1. "This big box is very _____. You can't carry it. I will carry it. You can carry that small box," said Mr. Krishnan to his son, Ramu.

2. "That book is full of pictures. There is a picture on every _____."

3. There is no water in this river in the summer months. It is _____. In the evenings children play on its _____ bed.

4. We make chairs and tables with _____.
5. The lame beggar _____ from place to place on a board fitted with wheels.
6. There is a _____ place in the school playground under a big mango tree. At noon the boys eat their lunch there.
- (b) roll sand kinds place to place
 wild useful turning
1. The father was sitting in a chair and reading a newspaper. The child was sitting near him and _____ the pages of a picture book.
2. "My uncle gave me a nice bag on my birthday. It is very _____ to me. I carry my books in it to school."
3. The teacher taught the lesson with the help of a map. After class he said to the class-leader, "_____ up the map and put it back on the shelf."
4. Mr. Chandy's circus has twenty big carts. It moves from _____ in those carts.

5. You can see many _____ of _____ animals
in Mr. Chandy's circus: lions, tigers, bears and zebras.
6. The children were playing on the _____ in the river.

WORKSHEET 15

I Look at the pictures below. Write under each picture the name of what you see in it, choosing the name from the following list.

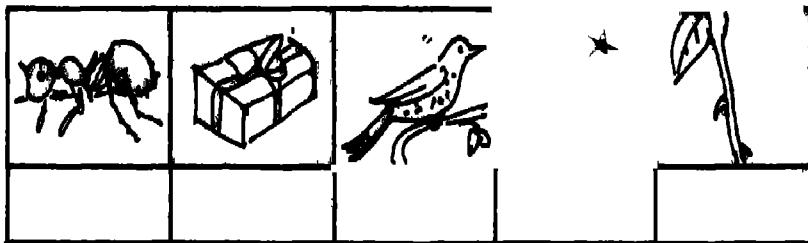
cuckoo

star

packet

thorn

ant



II Fill in the blanks with suitable words. Write the letters of each word above the dashes. Some letters are given to help you.

1. "This is a — — — — c box. It will — — — — g e a one-rupee

note into a ten-rupee note," the magician said.

2. This man is old, that man is — — — — y g.

3. News reaches all parts of the — — — — w d very quickly these days.

4. "After dark these forest roads are full of — — — — — ^d _r. There
will be a lot of wild animals around."

5. The tiger has a beautiful — — — — ^s. It is yellow with thick black
lines.

6. The man in the circus struck the lion with a whip. The lion
^r — — — — — ^d loudly.

7. He said good-bye to his father and mother and ^s _t — — — — — ^d
on his journey.

8. I gave fifty paise to the beggar. He said, "Sir, you are a very
^k — — — — ^d man."

9. The cuckoo sings ^s — — — — — ^l _y.

10. It is day. The sky is ^b — — — — — ^r _g — — — — — ^t.

11. "How — — — ^a is the post-office from here?"
"It is not far."

WORKSHEET 16

I Make questions with *how* to get the answers given. The first one is done for you.

1. *Q* : *How old* is Ravi ?

A : Ravi is twelve years old.

2. *Q* : How far

A : The school is about a mile from my house.

3. *Q* :

A : The wall around the prison is 8 feet high.

4. *Q* :

A : It is three feet thick.

5. *Q* :

A : This rope is five metres long.

6. *Q* :

A : Radha is 120 centimetres tall.

7. Q:

A: The river is two kilometres broad at that place.

8. Q:

A: This wall is 70 metres deep.

II Fill in the blanks.

appear

appearing

appeared

test

allow

turn

pass

worry

roar

set

III Fill in the blanks with the adverbs you get from the words given on the left-hand side.

great

greatly

bold

slow _____

fearful _____

cruel _____

dangerous _____

IV Fill in the blanks in the sentences with the words found in the boxes. Above the word in each box, write the number of the sentence in which you have used it. If you complete the exercise correctly, the result will be a "magic square". That is to say, any three numbers in a line added together will give you 21.

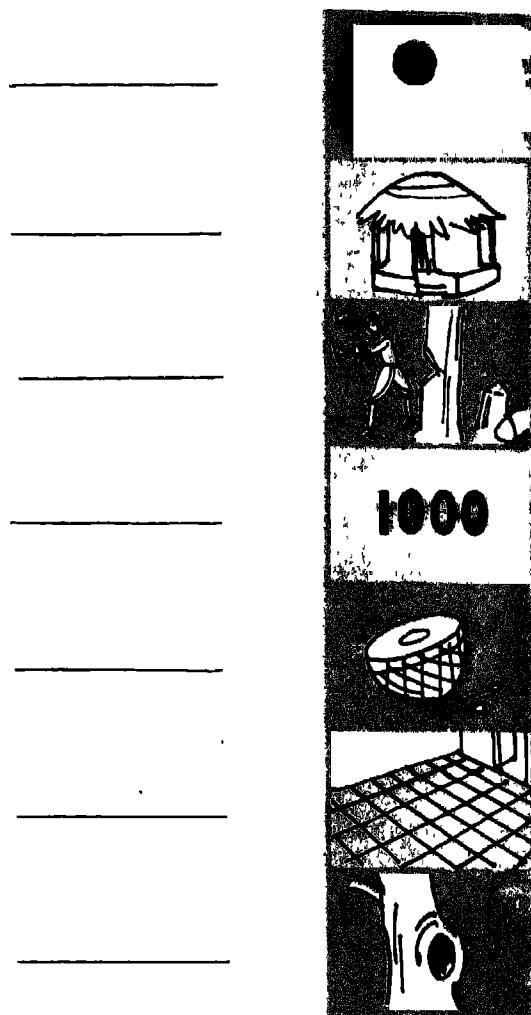
lonely	centre	marriage
heap	before	oil
strength	through	outside

3. The dog in the circus jumped _____ a ring of fire.

4. The old man lived in a _____ hut at the foot of the hill.
5. We get mustard _____ from mustard seeds.
6. King Janaka gave Sita in _____ to Rama.
7. Elizabeth stood _____ a picture of Mary and prayed silently.
8. The elephant has great _____. It can pull down big trees.
9. The man turned the bag upside down and a _____ of silver coins fell on the ground.
10. I looked out of the window. The children were playing _____.
11. The referee places the football at the _____ of the football field and blows his whistle. Then the game starts.

V Against each picture on the next page write the name of what you see in the picture. You can find the name in this list.

a hole	the moon	a wood-cutter	a hut
a drum	the floor	a thousand	



VI Fill in the blanks with the words given.

(a) allow	passing	roar	finish
seeds	test	condition	appeared

1. "I will lend you my bicycle on one _____ . You should bring it back in half an hour."

2. "These grapes are very nice. They don't have any _____
in them."

3. My house is near the zoo. At night we often hear the loud
_____ of the lion or the tiger in the zoo.

4. Once a month Class X has a _____ in English.

5. "I will be busy for the next hour. Don't _____ anyone in,"
the minister said to his peon.

6. "Last night I had a dream. My grandfather _____ before
me in the dream. He put a book into my hands and then he disappeared."

7. *Mrs. Das:* Ravi, it's time for school. Come and have your breakfast.

Ravi : I'm doing my homework. I'll _____ it in five
minutes and come.

8. *A:* What are these crowds waiting for?

B: They are waiting for the Prime Minister. He will be coming from
the airport and will be _____ this way.

(b)	turn	fearful	sets	cruel
	worry	test	bold	dangerous

1. In summer months the sun _____ late.
2. "I want to _____ your spelling. I shall read out some words. Write them in your notebook," the teacher said to the class.
3. The magician said, "Look, I'll _____ these bits of paper into biscuits."
4. Kumar was ill. The doctor said to Kumar's father, "Don't _____. He will be all right in two days."
5. The inspector saw the thief with a gun in his hand. But he was a _____ man. He jumped on the thief and threw him down.
6. Some bad boys are _____ to animals.
7. "There are a number of crocodiles in this part of the river. It is _____ for bathers."
8. My neighbour has a _____ dog. My son is afraid of it.

WORKSHEET 17

I Look at the picture and answer the questions given below it. Answer in complete sentences.



1. Are there waves on the sea?

.....

2. Is there lightning in the clouds?

.....

3. Does thunder come before or after lightning?

.....

4. Is there a storm over the sea?

.....

5. How many sailors are there on the ship?

.....

6. Can you see any land in the picture?

.....

II Match the clues given with the words in the box. Write the matching words on the blank lines.

Clues

1. 12 inches _____

2. football, badminton, volleyball _____

3. You don't work on this day. _____

4. We like these in our food. _____

5. Birds have these. _____

6. your father's father or your mother's father _____

7. a town with a port _____

8. This bird dances and has a beautiful tail. _____

9. We live on this planet. _____

grandfather

spices

feathers

port-town

a foot

peacock

earth

games

holiday

III Fill in the blanks with suitable words. Write the letters of each word above the dashes. Some letters are given to help you.

1. The earth is a p — — — — — t. It moves round the sun.

2. "Yesterday there was rain and there was no cricket match. But today
the w — — — — — t h — — — — — r is fine. There will be a game today."

3. Mr. Hassan is an l — — — — — c teacher. He teaches very well. All his
boys pass easily.

4. The girl is very s — — — h. She doesn't speak to anybody.

5. "Her child is very d — — — to her. She wants him near her all the
time."

6. "Come, children! I'll tell you an i — — — — — n — — — — — i — — — n — — — g
story."

7. "What is your a — — —?"

"I am twelve years old."

8. My father is in the cloth b — — — — — u — — — — — s — — — s.

9. "Let's play football. Ramu, come and j^s n^t us."

10. I want to s^l in a ship to countries far away.

11. "Children, let's now p^r to God."

12. Mr. Jhabwala and his family left Jabalpur for their home-town,

Meerut. They l^o d^r all their things on two lorries and

s^h t^o them to Meerut. The family went in a car.

IV In each item below find the correct answer. Write the letter of the correct answer in the brackets given.

1. Which of the following will float on water?

- (a) a piece of wood
- (b) a piece of gold
- (c) a rupee coin

()

2. Which of the following will mix with water?

- (a) oil
- (b) milk
- (c) sand

()

3. Emperor Asoka planted shady trees _____ the sides of roads. Which of the words on the next page will you put in the blank?

- (a) above
- (b) through
- (c) along

()

V Fill in the blanks with the words or phrases given.

along western about to
got hold of all of a sudden bright-coloured

1. Children like _____ toys.
2. "The picture is _____ begin. Let's go in."
3. There were dark clouds in the sky. _____ it began to rain.
4. A: Where is the hospital?
B: Come _____. I'll take you there.
5. The girl fell into the river. I _____ her hair and pulled
her out.
6. Large groups of young men and women from _____
countries such as U.K., U.S.A. and France come to see India these
days.

WORKSHEET 18

I Fill in the blanks in the sentences with the words found in the boxes. Write above the word in each box the number of the sentence in which you have used it. If you complete the exercise correctly, the result will be a "magic square". That is to say, any three numbers in a line added together will give you 18.

group	butter	shore
build	struck	rocky
knocked	fisherman	daylight

2. Every morning the _____ rowed into the sea with his net to catch fish.
3. We found many shells on the _____ of the sea.
4. Many Japanese _____ their houses with wood and paper.

5. A _____ of boys from Bombay went on an excursion to the Ajanta and Ellora Caves.
6. "In the olden days, how did men make a fire, sir?"
"They _____ two stones together and made a fire."
7. "I do all my work in _____, I don't like to read at night."
8. The temple stands on a _____ hill. There are rocks all the way to the temple.
9. I _____ at my friend's door. His mother opened it and welcomed me into the house.
10. We get _____ from cream.

II Solve this cross-word puzzle with the help of the clues given.

Across

3. The land along the sea is called the _____.
4. "Is there any animal with only one _____, sir?"
"Yes, the rhinoceros has only one."
5. The elephant has great strength. It can _____ down the

		¹ D						² B	
³ C				T					
					⁴ H				
	⁵			⁶ R					
						⁷			
	⁸ J								
⁹ C				N			R		
						L			

branches of even a big tree.

9. A _____ tells us the days and dates of a month.

Down

1. The 2nd October 1869 is the _____ of Gandhiji's birth.
2. "Light a candle and _____ these papers," my brother said to me.
6. In some parts of India it _____ in the months of July and August.
7. "My grandfather eats only one _____ a day."
8. We keep honey, jam, sugar, etc., in a _____ .

III Fill in the blanks with suitable words. Write the letters of each word on the dashes. Some letters are given to help you.

1. n y
4 is sweet.

2. We cook our food in the k t
1.

3. There were a lot of fish in the p o
10.

4. Nehru spent many years of his l
2 in prison.

5. The rose plant was dying. We dug the ground and found a number of

worms around its r s
5.

6. Gandhiji drank o s milk every day.
8.

7. Ceylon is an i s d.
9

8. The crab is a kind of s h s h.
11 6

9. "The thief ran this way. You can see his — — — — — f — — — — — p — — — — — t s
7

on the ground."

10. The child prayed to — — — every night before going to bed.
3

Take out the letters which have numbers under them and put them above the same numbers given below. If you have got all the words correctly you will get the name of a song bird.

— 1 — 2 — 3 — 4 — 5 — 6 — 7 — 8 — 9 — 10 — 11

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